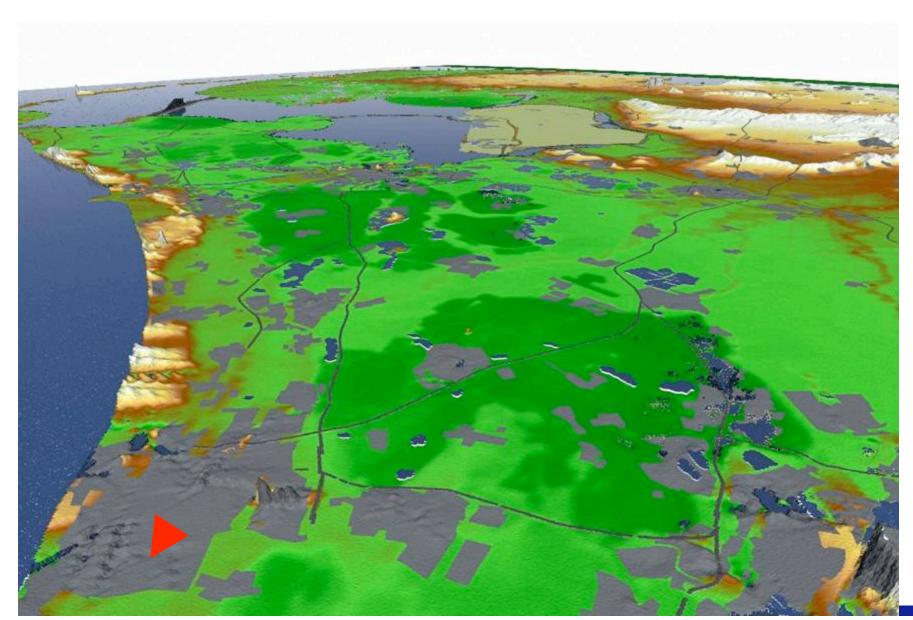
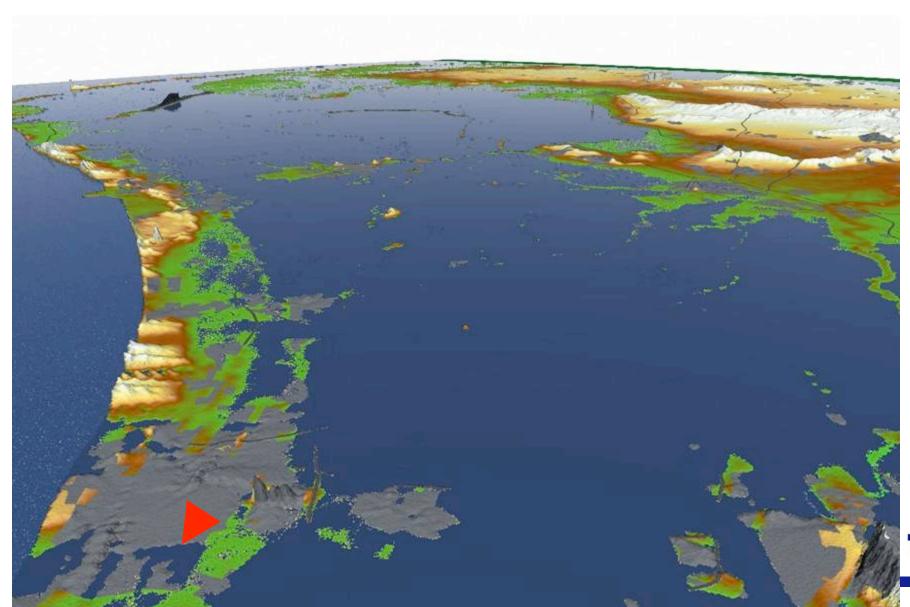
## Netherlands today





## The Netherlands according to ICCP





#### TNO - Netherlands Organisation for Applied Scientific Research



TNO Built Environment and Geosciences

TNO Science and Technology

TNO Quality of Life

TNO Defence, Security and Safety

TNO Information and Communication Technology

#### **TNO**

- One of the largest fully independent R&D-companies in Europe
- A public enterprise founded by law in 1932
- Ca. 4700 employees
- Annual turnover: 562 million EURO (2005)
- Covering a wide range of technologies

#### mission statement

To apply scientific knowledge with the aim of strengthening the innovative power of industry and government

#### by

- Developing fundamental knowledge in cooperation with universities
- Developing applied knowledge with partners and customers
- Exploration of knowledge-basis



#### **TNO's five core areas**



TNO Quality of Life



TNO Defence, Security and Safety



TNO Science and Technology



TNO Built Environment and Geosciences



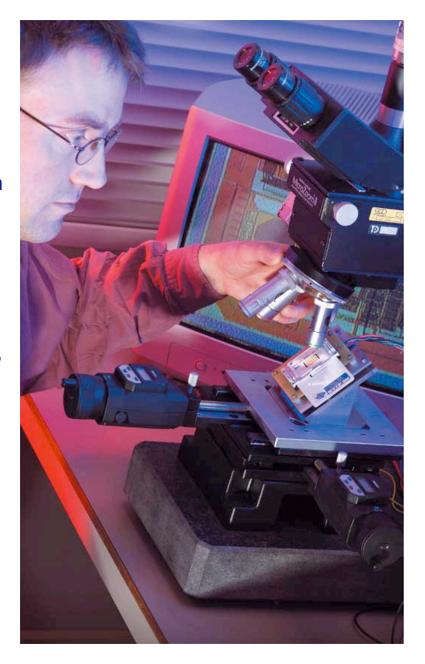
TNO Information and Communication Technology

#### **TNO's mission**

TNO's mission is to apply scientific knowledge with the aim of strengthening the innovative power of industry and government.

You can engage TNO for:

- Consultancy on policy and improvements to products and processes;
- Contract research on behalf of public authorities, companies and organisations;
- The performance of tests and the certification of products and systems;
- Acquiring *licences* for any of TNO's 450 inventions.



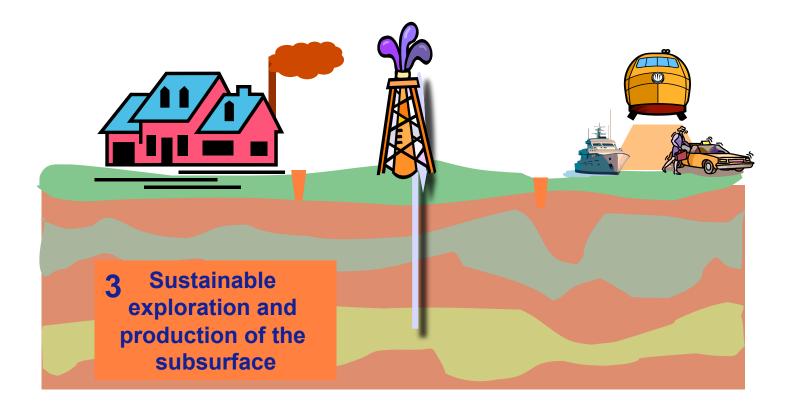




## **Areas of application**

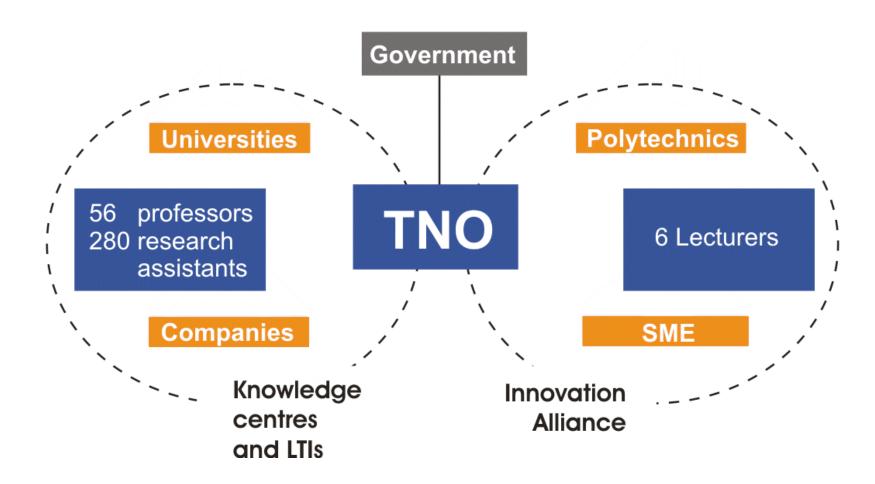
**Pustainable construction/**management of built
environment

2 Sustainable use/ management of infrastructure





## **TNO** in the knowledge infrastructure





## The strength of TNO

#### From concept to innovation

Developing fundamental knowledge

Developing knowledge

Applying knowledge

Utilising knowledge

In cooperation with universities

In cooperation with partners

In cooperation with customers

Anchored in the market





## **BU Buildings and Systems**

#### **Departments:**

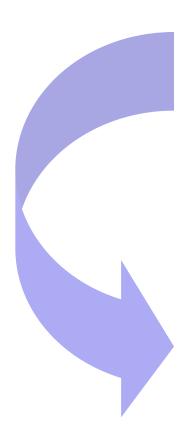
- Energy, Comfort and Indoor Environment
- Heating and Refrigeration
- Building Systems and ICT
- Innovative Building Materials

#### Support area's:

- Indoor climate: healthy, comfortable and energy efficient
- Innovative (building) materials
- Development integrated building systems
- Introduction new maintenance strategies
- Optimization collaboration processes and ICT



## Approach: coherent set of measures



- Technology development
- Performance testing
- Standards
- Rules and Regulations
- Commissioning
- Control in practice
- Learning



#### **Ambition:**

Development of technologies and methods that will enable an energy producing built environment.

One of the essential boundary conditions is a comfortable, healthy indoor environment and sustainble use of materials.











#### Research topics (Energy, Comfort and Indoor Environment)

#### Energy

- Ventilation
- Thermal storage
- Heating and Cooling
  - Magneto caloric
  - Miniaturisation conventional technologies
  - Heat pumps and heat transfer

#### Indoor Environment

- Source control
- Indoor Environmental Quality (thermal, visual, odors, VOC)
- Biosensing

#### Performance of buildings and systems

- Standards, regulations and labels
- Cx, Sustainable management and maintenance

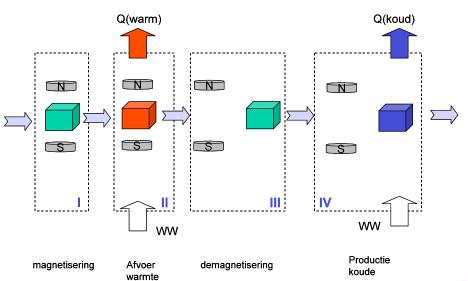


## **Existing buildings**

- Magnetocaloric
  - Decentral, quiet, compact, E-eff., no refrigerants
- Miniaturisation
  - Compact, natural refrigerants







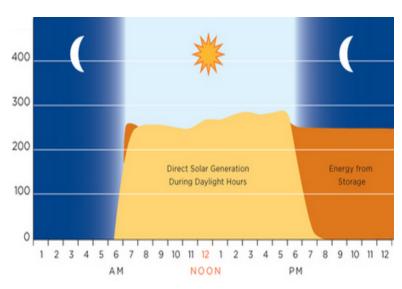
## Integration renewable energy

#### Thermochemical storage

- Bridging mismatch demand and supply
- Seasonal and daytime storage
- Integration in buildings









## Energy efficiency 'in use'

Intelligent operation and maintenance of buildings and installations

Results of a TNO survey of 70 buildings showed:

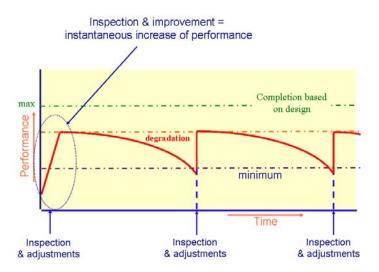
The most common complaints are related to comfort and high energy consumption

#### **Problems:**

- a) The average energy use of buildings is **25%** higher as expected
- b) 70% of the HVAC systems do not work as expected
- 90% of the comfort problems can be attributed to inappropriate working of the HVAC system

#### Causes:

- a) 15% design faults
- b) 85% (i) completion (handover) of HVAC system and (ii) maintenance



i-BIG



## Comfort, health and indoor environment

#### **Biosensing**

Cultex combined with Ames



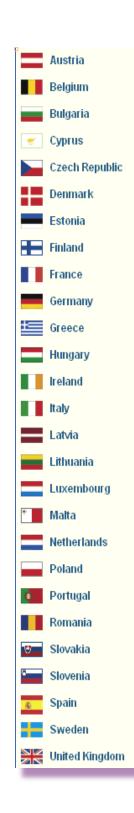












## EPBD BUILDINGS

# **EPBD**The Energy Performance of Buildings Directive

#### Content:

- From national to European perspective
- Current challenge: European versus national
- New: from European to global perspective



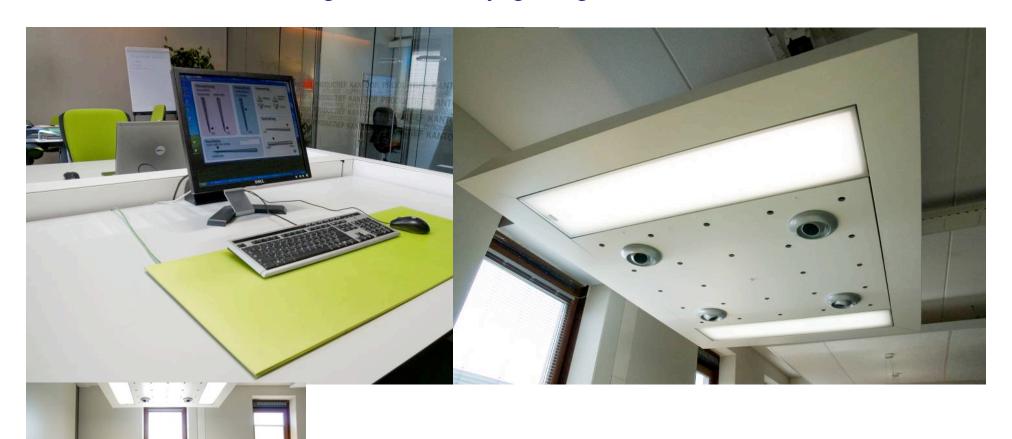
Directorate-General for Energy and Transport





## Field experiment: Productive office personal comfort

Radiation heating, nozzles, daylight, light colour, ventilation





## Adjustement possible

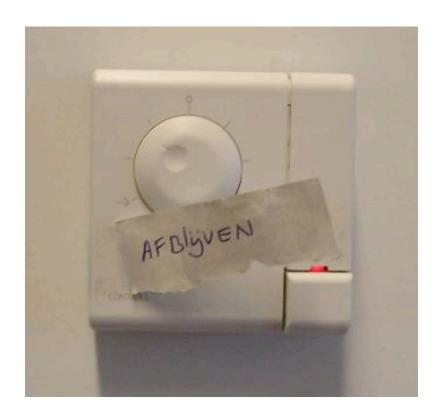
- parameters
  - light
  - heating
  - cooling





### User interface

User interaction is a key issue



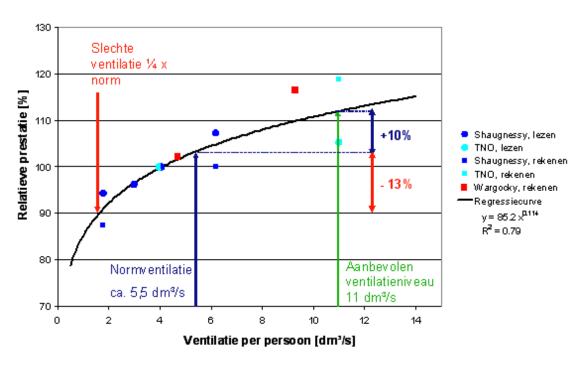


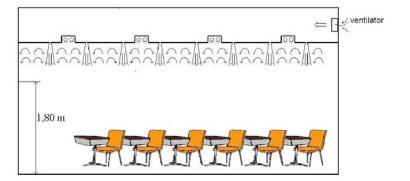


## Improved performance in existing buildings: Fresh Schools











## Districts: Sun city

















## districts

Real-time Full scale Exp.

**Database TNO** 

- Field experiment:

Lab-scale

Exp.

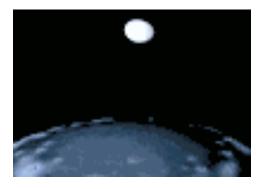
Lab. TNO

(experimental & Cons. behaviour)

- Data consumer behaviour and actual performance
- ► Finetuning rules and regulations
- Feasibility studies
- New technological concepts
- Sensibility analyses District level
- Validation models and software
- Effect and impact measurement Rules/regulations

**Ambition** 





# Innovation is mostly created at the interface where different worlds touch.

Strategic Plan TNO 2007-2010

